# SA27(SAX10 7C)Capacitance Level Switch Operation Manual

X When there are materials or mixtures with multiple characteristics such as high/low dielectric and conductive haracteristics simultaneously (for example; silica sand in the glass industry, etc), it must be tested on the site first, to etermine whether the sensor is suitable or not. If there still exists measuring problems, we suggest using our uning Fork Level Switch (SC) or Rotary Paddle Level Switch (SE).

# PANEL FUNCTION



#### SA27 UL Type

 ①: Power supply
 ⑤: Material indicator

 ②: Output terminal
 ⑥: Delay time adjustment

 ③: Coarse calibration
 ⑦: Fail-Safe protection adjustment

 ④: Sensitivity adjustment

### **CONTACT & LED INDICATOR**

- 1. LED off when no contact or empty tank.
- 2. LED on when contact or full tank.

Operation Mode	LED Indicator	Relay Output	3-Wire NPN Output	3-Wire PNP Output	4-Wire NPN/PNP Output
	red •	COM. N.C.	O/P OV	24Vdc O/P	COM N.O.
<sup>rsn</sup>	red 🔆	<u>COM.</u> <u>N.C.</u>	OP OV	2 <u>4Vdc 0/P</u>	COM <u>NO</u> .
	red	COM. N.C.	OP OV	2 <u>4Vdc 0/P</u>	COM <u>NO.</u>
	red 🔆	COM. N.O.	<u>O/P 0V</u>	2 <u>4Vdc O/P</u>	COM N.O.
Power failure	red	COM. N.C.	<u>O/P 0V</u>	24Vdc O/P	COM <u>NO.</u>



#### NEPSI Ex ia/db IIC T3...T6 Ga/Gb Ex ia/tb IIIC T85°C...T200°C Da/Db

### SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR SAFE USE OF PRODUCTS

1. The user should contact the manufacturer directly if detailed information regarding the product is required.

2. If the product sensor bar is made of or coated with non-metallic materials, specific measures should be taken to prevent the danger of static electrical explosion.

### PRECAUTIONS FOR RRODUCT USE

- 1. The safety parameters of the electrostatic capacitance level switch are listed below :
- Power supply : maximum voltage Um : 250V
- Supply voltage / Contact rating : 110~220Vac±10% ,24Vdc±20%
- Power consumption : 2W
- Contact output : maximum voltage Um : 250V
- Relay (SPDT) : 5A / 250 Vac, 5A /28 Vdc
- Transistor (three-wire PNP or NPN) : 400mA/24Vdc±20%
- Transistor (four-wire PNP or NPN) : 400mA/60Vdc

	Type.SA27	Temperature Group	Medium Temperature(°C)
		T6/T85°C	-20~+80
	2,7	T5/T100°C	-20~+95
	High Temperature Type	T4/T135°C	-20~+130
		T3/T200°C	-20~+195
		T6/T85°C	-20~+80
	4 , Acid & Alkali	T5/T100°C	-20~+95
	Resistant Type	T4/T135℃, T3/T200℃	-20~+120
	0 , 1 , 3 , 5 , 6 , 8 Normal Temperature	T6/T5/T4/T3 T85°C/T100°C/ T135°C/T200°C	-20~+80

(Figure1)

- 2. Open the product only after the power supply is cut off.
- 3. The cable entry port must be equipped with a cable entry device or a plug. The component must be explosion-proof certified according to GB3836.1-2010(IEC 60079-0:2007),andGB3836.2-2010(IEC 60079-1:2007) The explosion-proof type is IIC Gb or Ex db IIC, and connection type is 1/2NPT. The minimum number of clamps is 6. The installation and use of the cable entry device or the plugging device must comply with the requirements as stated in the instruction manual. Ensure that the cover's protection level reaches IP65, and that it meets the requirements of GB4208-2008(IEC 60529:2001) standard.
- 4. The user should keep the product's surface cover clean to prevent dust from accumulating. Do not use methods such as blowing with compressed air to prevent dust clouds from raising and forming.
- 5. The user should not replace the product parts by himself. Contact the product manufacturer to resolve any operational problems and prevent damage.
- 6. The relation between the temperature group and medium temperature range is as follows (refer to Figure 1).
- 7. Installation, use and maintenance of the product should comply with the instructions found in the product manual and the following standards:
- GB3836.13-1997(IEC60079-19:1993) "Electrical Equipment for Explosive Gaseous Atmosphere Part 13: Repair of Electrical Equipment for Explosive Air Pressure".
- GB3836.15-2000 (IEC 60079-14:1996) "Electrical Equipment for Explosive Gaseous Atmosphere Part 15: Electrical Installation in Hazardous Locations (except Coal Mines)".
- GB3836.16-2006(IEC 60079-17:2002) "Explosive Electrical Equipment for Gaseous Environment Part 16: Inspection and Maintenance of Electrical Installations (except coal mines)".
- GB15577-2007"Dust Explosion Safety Precautions".
- GB12476.2-2006(IEC 61241-14:2004)"Electrical Equipment for Combustible Dust Environment Part 1: Electrical Equipment Protected by Covers".
- GB50257-1996"Electrical Equipment Installation and Engineering in an Explosive and Fire Hazardous Environment".

### DELAY TIME SET UP

The default Delay Time setting is 0 second. When probe contacts with material, LED indicator is turned on and relay or PNP/NPN output will be activitated. Turn the "Delay Time Adjustment" button clockwise to set up delay time. After delay time is set, when probe contacts with material, LED is turned on but the relay or PNP/NPN output will not be generated immediately until delay time is up. Delay time function is applicable for liquid tanks with agitator, or solid tanks which the medium will have sudden impact or contact with probe.

# **CAUTION FOR WIRING**

### SA27 Euro Type



# SA27 UL Type



# **INSTALLATION**



The insulation part must be 30cm inside the tank at least to ensure sensitivity is adjustable and to avoid false action when medium build up.



For top mounting, angle of repose must be considered when installation. switch away from material inlet to SA27 Wire Probe Model must be installed min. 300mm from tank wall. SA27 Plate Model is applicable for bottom mounting.



For SA27 Plate Model installation, thickness including tank wall & connection flange must be less than 25mm to advoid false action.



Be cautious with installation location. Angle of repose must be considered if inlet is not located in center top of the tank



It's recommended to install the avoid damage. If switch must be installed near inlet area, a protective cover must be placed 200mm on top of the switch.



When multiple switches are installed, keep at least 300mm distance for each switch.



Cable entry must face down firmly locked to avoid rain damage.



Top mounting is recommended for medium with poor flowability to avoid medium build up.



Switches with delay time function is recommended for tank with agitator to advoid false action.

# **CALIBRATION (ROTARY KNOB)**

### INITIAL CALIBRATION

- 1. After installation with power supply, make sure no material within 300 mm around the probe.
- 2. Turn the "SENSITIVITY" to the "H" position (Figure 2).
- 3. Using flat-head screwdriver to turn "Coarse" clockwisely for adjustment until LED indicator is on.
- 4. Turn the knob clockwise from H position to 90% position about 1/2 circle (95% position) until LED indicator shut off (Figure 3). Then, Initial calibration is complete. After that, please continue to next step "SENSITIVITY ADJUSTMENT".

### SENSITIVITY ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Make sure the "Indicator" sign does not light up, when the medium does not contact with the probe, and vice versa, when the medium contacts or covers the probe, then the "Indicator" sign lights up.
- 2. Gradually, adjust the capacitance value (turn the knob clockwise to the "L" direction) until "Indicator" light turns off.
- 3. Record the turning angle from "Indicator" sign lights up status to turn off status, then reset "SENSI TIVITY ADJ" by turning the knob counterclockwise back for half of the recorded turning angle.
- 4. Based on the previous experience, 70% (Figure 4) adjustment position can be used to most of mediums (Need to do INITIAL CALIBRATION first).



# **MAINTENANCE & TROUBLE SHOOTING**

Circumstance	Possibility Cause	Inspection / Evidence	Trouble Shooting
	Enclosure is not firmly locked	Enclosure is loose	Lock the enclosure firmly
	Seal ring aged & failed	Seal ring aged	Replace seal ring
Water get into	Cable entry is not firmly locked	Cable entry is not firmly locked	Lock the cable entry firmly
housing	Cable entry does not face down	Cable entry faces up	Turn the cable entry & face down
	Cable wire does not connected downward	Cable wire is connected upward	Connect the cable downward
	Diameter of cable wire does not fit	Cable wire is loose	Replace cable with diameter 8mm~10mm
	Sensivity Adjustment knob Position of Sensivity Adjustment is activated by mistake knob is abnormal		Re-adjust sensivity
Level up & down but	False wiring of power & signal cable False wiring of power & signal cable		Re-wiring according to wiring guide
switch / relay no response	Circuit damaged by EMI Dry powder or high speed frictioin		Replace with anti-static model
	Dielectric constant of medium is too small.	Dielectric constant of medium is too small. Continuous action when coarse or fine adjustment	
Lovel up 8 dewe but	Humidity inside tank is over limit	Probe with water or dew	Replace probe with coating
switch on/off	Probe contacts with tank wall	Probe contacts with tank wall	Re-install and avoid grounding
non-stop or relay	Circuit damaged by EMI Dry powder or high speed fric		Replace with anti-static model
cant be reset	Dielectric constant is over limit	Dielectric constant is over limit Continuous action when coarse or fine adjustment	
	Wiring terminals are loose Loose screw bolt		Lock screw bolt firmly
	Process connection is not firmly locked	Loose thread	Lock thread or flange firmly
Unstable switch signal.	Short-circuit due to aging	Idle loop, resistance abnormal	Revise external layout
	Abnormal of supply voltage	Supply voltage over limit	Restore power supply
	Loose structure due to vibration	Obvious vibration environment	Replace with remote model





