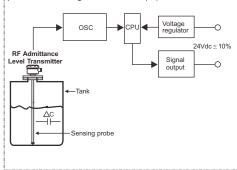


### WORKING PRINCIPLE

When the probe is surrounding by the air , little capacitance (C, ) is measured by the equivalent capacitor , the capacitance increase gradually as computing media, the max. capacitance ( $C_n$ ) will be measured while the tank is full, the difference (dC)between  $C_A$  and  $C_B$  is proportional to the level.

(Recommend range dC =25 ~2000 pF)



**DESCRIPTION OF PANEL** 

1. Button Protection, requiring to press ENT+UP

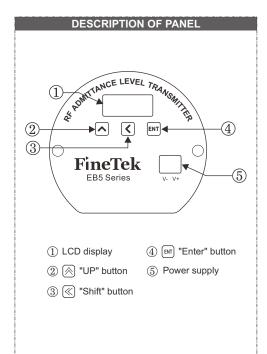
buttons for 2 seconds in order to get into main menu

2. Three input buttons; user-friendly.

3. Any two points for calibration

4. Retention for maximum and minimum values

		SPECIFICATION		
Power supply		18~30Vdc		
Measuring range		20~2000pF		
Output	Output current	4~20mA (2 wire)		
	Upper limit	20mA		
	Lower limit	4mA		
	HART	Option		
Linearity		$\pm$ 1%F.S. or $\pm$ 0.5pF		
Load resistance		<(Vs-22)×50Ω Vs: Power Voltage (volt)		
Environment temperature		-40°C~85°C		
		LCD monitor: -20°C~85°C		
Operation temperature		According to the specification of probe		
Environment humidity		0~85% RH, non-condensing		
Temperature		<±0.2% F.S. per °C or 0.1pF per °C		
LCD Display range		-1999~9999		
Protection degree		IP 65		



 $\otimes$ 

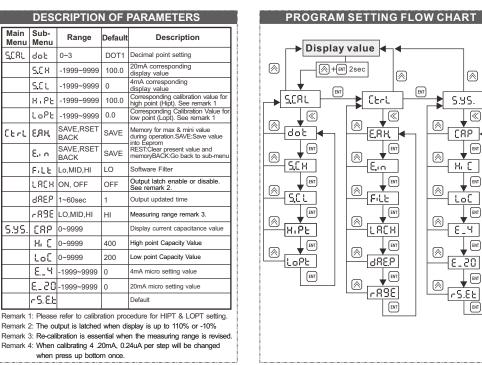
ENT

ENT

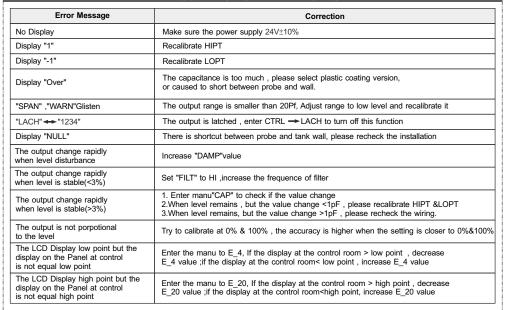
Ч

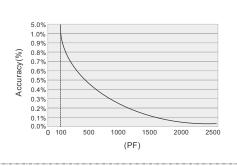
ENT

ENT



**PF & ACCURACY CHART** 





CODE								
A:8	В:ъ	C: C	D: d	E:8	F:۶			
G:9	H:8	l: c	J:J	K:۲	L:L			
M: E.	N: o	O:o	P:۶	Q:9	R:r			
S:5	Т:٤	U:U	V:U	W: 3.	<b>X</b> :મ			
Y: 9	Z:2.							

# **DESCRIPTION OF ALARM MODES**

Main Sub-

Menu Menu

ระคบ dot 0~3

Ctrt E.8 H.

S.9S

5**.**C H

5.C L

H.PE

ιοΡε

E. n

Filt

Range

-1999~9999

-1999~9999

-1999~9999

1999~9999

SAVE,RSE1

SAVE,RSET

BACK

BACK

LACH ON, OFF

d8EP 1~60sec

CRP 0~9999

H, C 0~9999

Lo[ 0~9999

r S. 8.8

E.\_ 4 -1999~9999

E\_20-1999~9999

when press up bottom once.

-89E LO,MID,HI

Lo,MID,HI

Default

DOT1

100.0

100.0

0.0

SAVE

SAVE

LO

OFF

нι

400

200

0

0

Default

0

splay

Software Filter

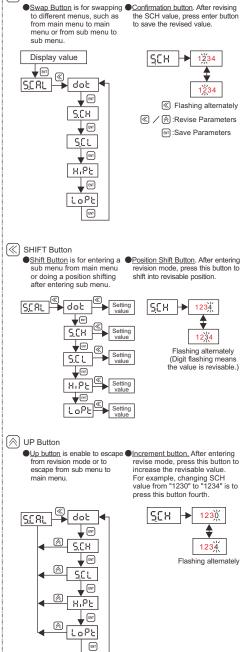
Output updated time

## SETTING FLOWCHART FOR EACH FUNCTION

Compact Capacitance Level Transmitter is to press the three buttons (UP, SHIFT, ENTER) on display panel. Firstly, selecting the setting menu then input value by using three buttons showing below:

	Selection	Setting
Op button	Escape button	Increment button
SHIFT button	Enter button	Position shift button
ENTER button	Swap button	Confirmation button

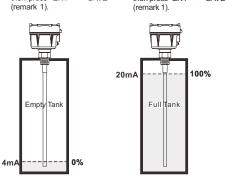
#### ENT Enter Button



# DIELECTRIC CONSTANTS CHART

Material	Dielectric Constant.	Material	Dielectric Constant.
Air	1	Cement	4~6
Gasoline	1.9	Butanol	11
Diesel	2.1	Ethanol	16~31
Edible Oil	2~4	Ammonia	21
Heavy Oil	2.6~3.0	Acetone	20~30
Grain	2.5~4.5	Carbide Powder	5.8~7.0
Corn	2.3~2.6	Sulfuric Acid	84
Rice	3~8	Water	81

# CALIBRATION PROCEDURES Read installation notice before calibration 2.It is recommended to have the media touched probe bottom when users calibrate lowest value for empty tank 3.Doring calibration, pribe should be put into the tank. Don't calibrate the product outside the tank. 4.Please keep at least 50% distance between HIPT and LOPT to ensure accuracy. It is recommended to calibrate with empty and highest level in the tank. Standard procedures: ScH : Set the max display value corresponding to 20mA at SCH. ScL : Set the min display value corresponding to 4mA at SCL. HIPT : Input and save the corresponding value at HIPT, while the medium is in high level. 4.LOPT: Input and save the corresponding value at LOPT, while the medium in is in low level. Completed Calibration Example 1 The lowest value sets at 0 and the output sets at 4mA The highest value sets at 100.0 and the output sets at 20mA Calibration is done in empty and full tank. Procedures of calibration for example 1 1.Input Dot=1, SCL=0.0 SCH=100.0 (It can be adjusted anytime; Nothing is related with the status of tank.) When the tank is empty, go to the LOPT setting and input 0.0, then press "ENT"→"SAVE" 3. When the tank is full, go to HIPT setting and input 100 then press "ENT"→"SAV (remark 1). HIPT setting and input 100.0, then press "ENT"→"SAVE"



#### Example 2:

The lowest value sets at 100.0 and the output sets at 4mA The highest value sets at 200.0 and the output sets at 20mA It is calibrated at 10% of tank high and 90% of tank high. Th The 0% of the total height of the tank is corresponded to 4mA, while the 100% of the total height of the tank is corresponded to 20mA.

## Procedures of calibration for example 2

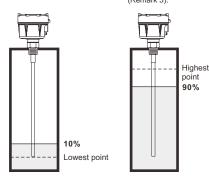
1. Input: Dot=1, SCL=100.0,

SCH=200.0

(It can be adjusted anytime; Nothing is related with the status of tank.)

To fill the medium till reaching to the 10% height of the tank, go to the LOPT setting and input the value of 110.0 and then press "ENT"→ "SAVE" (Remark 2).
To fill the medium till reaching to the 90% height of the tank, go to HIPT setting and input the value of 19.0.0 and then press "ENT"→ "SAVE"

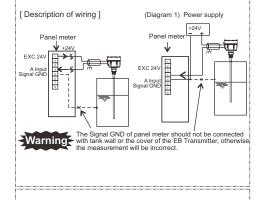
(Remark 3).



Remark 2: When Hipt or Lopt setting is over range, the LCD show "Err", Please reset the value.

### WIRING AND CAUTION

- After installation of the Compact Capacitance LevelTransmitter on the top of tank, please make sure the cover of the transmitter is contacted with tank perfectly. Please avoid the grounding of panel meter to touch the tank wall.
- While the panel meter is not supplied with a power supply, please prepare a 24V power supply for use. The wiring for panel meter is showing in diagram 1.
- The max cable length is depends on the max resistance. Maximum resistance is not to exceed (Vs-15) × 50W to ensure the accuracy of measurement.
- Make sure to separate the signal cable with other big power cables (such as pump, conveyer and solenoid valve)while wiring. Before turning on power, make sure all wirings are correct.
- Connect isolation cable with GND of power
- Connect tank with heater or cover of electric device to decrease FMI



## INSTALLATION

- 1. Please install a concentric circles metal pipe shield with vent hole at the top outside the probe (Fig. 1)
- 2. The rod or wire probe should be parallel to the tank wall. To prevent material from sticking between the probe and tank wall, the probe shouldn't be too close to the tank wall.
- 3. If the container is irregular-shaped, such as a cylindrical. and the medium is liquid with low viscosity, the rod should be placed inside a concentric circles metal pipe shield with vent hole at the top.(Fig. 1)



(Fig. 1)

- 4. Coating Probe type is necessary for conductive media (eg. Water...), as the bare electrode can't operation normally in conductive media.
- 5. During the installation, the process connection should be grounded. An installation without proper grounding will not guarantee normal operation of the device later on.
- 6. For non-conductive medium of powder or granules in big tank , the wire probe should be fixed to the bottom of tank
- 7. When all electrical connections inside of Admittance Level Transmitter housing are finished, the housing cover and the conduit opening should be sealed and tightened to prevent moisture from soaking in.
- 8. If an agitator is in place (see fig. 3), a pipe shield outside the probe is recommended

